



How Hong Kong Can Accelerate Your China Entry and Reasons for Trust on IP Issues

25 May 2010

Muttenz, Switzerland

Mr. Stephen Kai Wong Director

Hong Kong Economic and Trade Affairs (Central and Eastern Europe)

The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region













The Fundamentals - The Basic Law of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China

An Overview

- 1 July 1997 Hong Kong Special Administrative Region
- "One country, Two systems"
 - own legal system
 - own financial system
 - own economic system
 - own social system
 - own political system
- High degree of autonomy









Hong Kong's Enduring Advantages

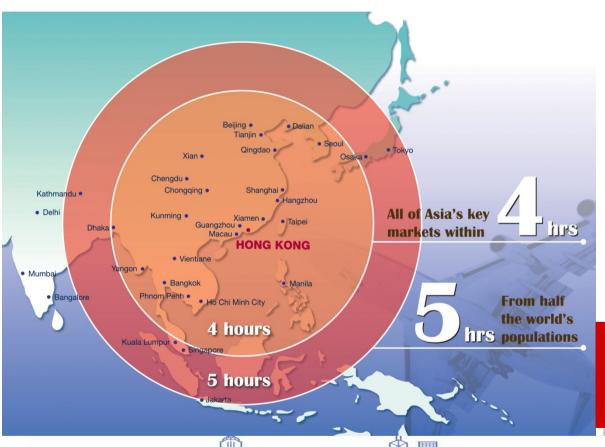
- Hong Kong retains its advantages:
 - Rule of law
 - Level playing field
 - Currency convertibility, separate from Renminbi
 - International business practices
 - Free flow of information
- Negotiates and signs own economic/trade agreements
 - Hong Kong is a full, separate member of WTO and APEC
- At the same time, Hong Kong is an integral part of China











New Markets & Customers

- Easy access to high-growth economies
- High demand for foreign products & services

Low-Cost Production & Sourcing

 Major production centres in China, Vietnam etc.

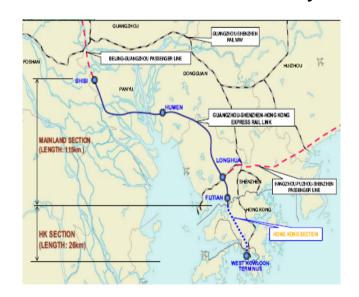
Half the world's population within five hours flight time!



Investment In Infrastructure



- Includes 10 major projects, generating from commissioning to a mature stage, estimated US\$12.8 billion revenue, create 250,000 new jobs.
- Enhanced connectivity with the Mainland.







Closer Economic Partnership Arrangement (CEPA)

- Mainland and Hong Kong's first free trade agreement
- Covers trade in goods and services
- Provides easier, earlier and wider access to Mainland for HKmade products and HK-based service companies
- Available to people and businesses of all nationalities





Trade in Goods



Zero Tariff Benefits: ALL products of Hong Kong origin (except for prohibited articles) to the Mainland since 1 January 2006

- Criterion: Products to meet CEPA rules of origin (ROOs) [products need to fulfill certain made in Hong Kong requirements]
- Products with no agreed ROOs: consultations held twice a year





Trade in Goods



Cumulative Certificates of Origin (CEPA) Statistics (as of end April 2010)

Тор	Product Categories	Export Value (million HK\$)
1.	Pharmaceutical Products	8,310
2.	Plastics and Plastic Articles	5,884
3.	Textiles and Clothing	2,771
4.	Food and Beverages	1,974
5.	Base Metal Products	1,662
	:	:
	:	:

Total Export Value: Over 2.3 billion €









Accounting

- Advertising
- Air Transport
- Audiovisual
- Banking
- Building-cleaning
- Computer and related services
- Convention and Exhibition
- Cultural
- Distribution
- Environmental
- Freight Forwarding Agency
- Individually Owned Stores
- Information Technology
- Insurance

Preferential Treatment

- Job Intermediary
- Job Referral Agency
- Legal
- Logistics
- Medical and Dental
- Management Consulting
- Market Research
- Patent Agency
- Photographic
- Printing
- Professional Qualification Examinations
- Public Utility
- ◆ Rail Transport ~NEW~
- Real Estate and Construction

- Related Scientific and Technical Consulting services
- Research and Development
 NEW~
- Securities and Futures
- Services incidental to Mining
- Services related Management Consulting
- Social Services
- Sporting
- Storage and Warehousing
- Telecommunications
- Tourism
- Trade Mark Agency
- Translation and Interpretation
- Transport (incl. Road Freight, Road Passenger and Maritime)



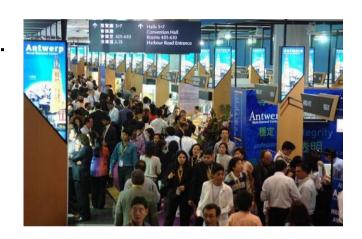






Forms of Preferential Treatment

- Relaxing the equity share restrictions, e.g. wholly owned business allowed for Hong Kong service suppliers in certain distribution services
- Lowering registered capital / business turnover requirements, e.g. in banking services
- Relaxing the restrictions over geographical location and business scope, e.g. in tourism services
- Allowing cross border supply of services
- Delegating the approval authority, e.g. approval delegated from Central Government to Guangdong province







Beneficiaries: Hong Kong Service Suppliers (HKSS)

- Juridical persons (e.g. companies, partnerships, sole proprietorships)
 - To obtain an <u>HKSS Certificate</u> from TID <u>before</u> applying directly to Mainland authorities for provision of services in the Mainland
 - ✓ Incorporated / established in HK
 - ✓ <u>Substantive business operations</u> for 3 or 5 years
 - ✓ Paid profit tax in HK
 - ✓ Owned or rented business premises in HK
 - ✓ Majority staff are HK residents
 - Applicable to businesses of <u>ALL NATIONALITIES</u> operating in HK



Cumulative Statistics of HKSS Certificates (as of end Apr 2010)

Тор	Service Sectors	No. of HKSS Certificates issued
1.	Transport and Logistics	1,199
2.	Distribution	342
3.	Air Transport	130
4.	Advertising	101
5.	Job Intermediary / Job Referral Agency	98
6.	Construction Professional/ Construction and Related Engineering	92
	:	:
Total		2,226





Trade and Investment Facilitation

HONG香 KONG港 ARIAS WORLD CITY SINERI ##

- Trade and investment promotion
- Customs clearance facilitation
- Commodity inspection and quarantine, food safety and quality and standardization
- Electronic business
- Transparency in laws and regulations
- Cooperation of small and medium enterprises
- Cooperation in Chinese traditional medicine and medical products sector
- Protection of intellectual property





China's Risk Manager



"No other city in the world can help overseas investors manage the risks as well as Hong Kong. This is an important part of the reason why overseas firms prefer Hong Kong for the highest-value activities that they perform in the Asia-Pacific region."

Michael Enright
Sun Hung Kai Properties Professor
School of Business, University of Hong Kong







Access Business Opportunities from Hong Kong



Business Opportunities:

- Access new markets
- Closer to customer
- Increase efficiency
- Faster to market

- Increase sales
- Improve competitiveness
- Reduce business risk

Typical Business Functions in Hong Kong:

- Regional headquarters
- Global distribution
- High-value business functions

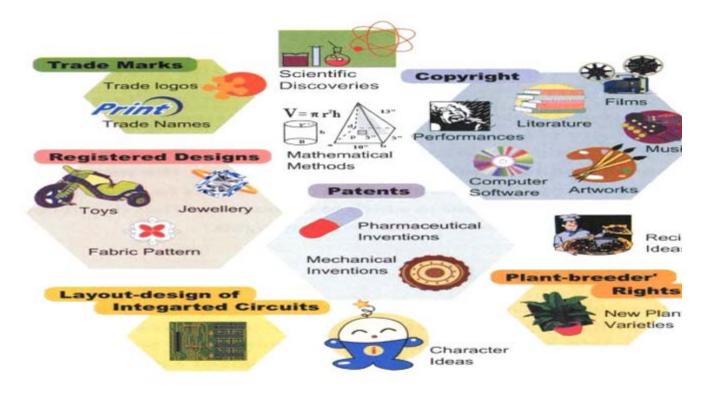
- Regional procurement
- International corporate
- R&D and design





Intellectual Property Protection in Hong Kong

What Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) are protected?





HONG香





G KONG	Type of subject- matter normally protected	Whether registration is required for effective protection in HKSAR	Enforcement available in HKSAR
Trade Marks	trade or service names and logos	Yes	Civil, Criminal
Patents	Invention	Yes	Civil
Designs	industrial product designs, fabric designs	Yes	Civil
Plant Varieties	new agricultural or horticultural plant varieties	Yes	Civil
Integrated Circuit Designs	lay-out designs of integrated circuits ('mask' works)	No	Civil
Copyright	literature, drama, music, photographs, computer software, films, phonograms broadcasts, cable diffusion	No	Civil, Criminal





Hong Kong Model

Effective Legislative Framework Good Cooperation with IPR holders and IP authorities

IPR Protection

Extensive Public Education

Strong Law Enforcement







Effective Legislative Framework: Domestic Protection and International Protection

Domestic intellectual property

Laws: largely based on the English laws and consistent with international standards







International intellectual property

Conventions:

- the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property
- the Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works
- the Universal Copyright Convention
- the Geneva Convention for the Protection of Producers of Phonograms Against Unauthorised Duplication of Their Phonograms
- the Patent Cooperation Treaty
- the Convention establishing the World Intellectual Property Organisation









Marked improvements

- 1997 new laws on patents, registered design and copyrights (further amended in 2004 and 2007)
- 1998 licensing system for optical disc (stampers in 2002) manufacturing in Hong Kong
- 2000 enhanced enforcement and investigation powers to tackle copyright piracy and trade mark counterfeiting offences under Organized and Serious Crimes Ordinance







- 2001 criminal offence for possessing video recording equipment in cinemas, theatres and concerts, and using pirated softwares, movies, musical recordings and TV dramas in business context
- 2003 new Trade Marks Ordinance (further amended in 2006)

2008 & 2009 -

Proposals for Strengthening Copyright Protection in the Digital Environment combating internet infringements 2009







A strong enforcement team

Customs and Excise Department (2,400 odd officers in IPR enforcement)







Remarkable Achievements in Enforcement

- 97% reduction of retailed outlets of pirated optical discs [1000 (1998) to 30 (2009)]
- 2008 2.16 million pirated discs (worth about 7.8 million euros) seized;
 987persons arrested
 - 1,824 cases of counterfeit goods and goods bearing false trade marks;860 persons arrested; close to 80% of convicted offenders jailed



Hong Kong and Mainland China Co-operation in IPR protection

2000

- Mainland, Hong Kong and Macau IP Symposium (annually) 2003
- Guangdong / Hong Kong Expert Group on the Protection of IPR (annually)
- Online information on IP systems in the Pearl River Delta Region 2006
- Mainland and Hong Kong Closer Economic Partnership Arrangement in IP protection

2007

- Agreement on Guangdong / Hong Kong Co-operation in the Protection of IPR
- Shenzhen / Hong Kong Innovation Circle





Legal Cooperation with the Mainland

- Reciprocal Enforcement of Court Judgments (2006)
- Mutual Enforcement of Arbitral Awards (1999)

(Make it clear that Hong Kong be the venue for dispute resolution at all of the contracts at the initial stage)









Hong Kong

- The ideal place for developing and protecting your intellectual property
- Encourage researches and development









- DuPont Solar Energy Photovoltaic Technology Development Project
- RFID development Airport cargo handling and Octopus Card
- IP protection in Hong Kong
- Product development and manufacturing in the mainland of China









Hong Kong's Professional Services

- Lawyers (Solicitors)
- Agents
- Arbitration
- Mediation
- Litigation
- Network with Mainland China







Steadfast supports

- Infrastructure Hong Kong Science and Technology Parks
- Talent development education and special funding under the Innovation and Technology Commission
- Institutional Innovation and Technology Commission



Hong Kong – Leader in Asia in Intellectual Property Protection

Patents

- registration under Patents Ordinance before assignment / licensing freely
- the mainland of China not being covered, China-wide or worldwide registration may be arranged in Hong Kong

Trade Marks

- register able under the Trade Marks Ordinance
- unregistered trade marks with certain amount of protection under Hong Kong's Common Law system

Copyright

no registration required

Registered Design

 registration with an independent design registry under Registered Design Ordinance for a period of 5 years







The Hong Kong Economic and Trade Office, Berlin

- First Government representative office set up (on 9 March 2009) overseas after the reunification in 1997 (The Basic Law Article 156)
- Provide you with:
 - ✓ Information
 - ✓ Support
 - ✓ Practical Assistance
- Continue to promote the interest of Hong Kong with Hong Kong Tourism Board and Hong Kong Trade Development Council

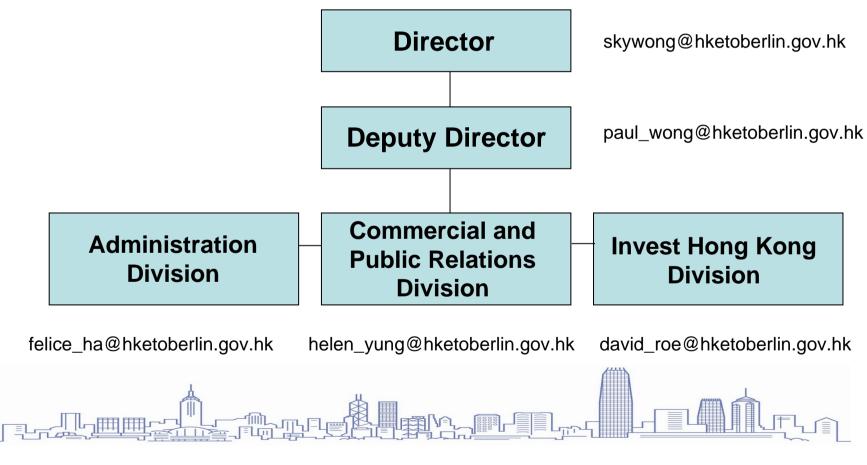








Organization Chart









For More Information

Hong Kong Economic & Trade Office, Berlin

Address

Jaegerstrasse 33

10117 Berlin, Germany

Tel: +49 (0) 30 22 66 77 22 8

Fax: +49 (0) 30 22 66 77 28 8

Email: cee@hketoberlin.gov.hk

Website: www.hketoberlin.gov.hk

Websites:

Hong Kong SAR Government
Commerce and Economic Development Bureau
Invest Hong Kong

Hong Kong Trade Development Council

Hong Kong Tourism Board

CreateHK

www.gov.hk www.cedb.gov.hk www.investhk.gov.hk www.tdctrade.com www.hktb.com

###

